Zonal Workshops with Children & Young People on Collating their Voices for the Upcoming State Assembly Election 2023

Bal Adhikar Sarkshan Sajha Abhiyan Alliance (DASHAM)

Divisional Workshop of BHARATPUR





August to September 2023

Introduction

Considering the state election as an opportunity, the Bal Adhikar Sarkshan Sajha Abhiyan Alliance (DASHAM) in association with UNFPA, UNICEF, and its partner NGOs organizing a series of divisional workshops across the state for collating the grassroots voices of children and young people to influence the political parties for the state election manifesto 2023.

The process was initiated with state-level orientation, followed by block and district discussions by partner NGOs with beneficiaries. With the aim of providing the opportunity for young people to come together and raise their issues, seven divisional/zonal workshops are being organized across the state.

The zonal workshop of Bharatpur was organized in August 2023, by adopting a participatory method for making it joyful, interesting, informative, and effective as the other workshops.

Divisional Workshop of Bharatpur

A total of 96 people including 68 adolescents & young people, 28 NGOs, and stakeholders participated in the workshop on 21st & 22nd August 2023 at Swaraj Resort, Bharatpur. The adolescents & young people from schools, differently abled, non-formal setups from rural and urban areas participated actively. The division had representation from the Bharatpur, Deeg, Dholpur, Karauli, Sawai Madhopur, and Gangapur City districts.

Proceedings

1. Welcome & Introduction

The workshop commenced by welcoming the participants by Mr. Vijay Goyal, Resource Institute for Human Rights, and Mr. Shiv Nayal, Antakshri Foundation. They also credited the partner NGOs for the significant representation of adolescents and young people from different areas of the districts.

The participants were apprised of the initiative of DASHAM network on collating the voices of ten thousand children and young people across Rajasthan for robust impact in the manifesto of political parties for bringing about changes at the policy level in the state.

Further, the NGOs introduced their organization, its work, and the adolescents & young people accompanying them in the workshop. All the young participants confirmed the filling out the Google form consisting of a questionnaire related to the issues and concerns they face and suggestions for making their policy effective.





2. Joyful Learning through Activities

Mr. Shiv Nayal, Antakshri Foundation, and Ms. Vinita Soni, Freelancer facilitated the session to provide a conducive environment to the participants.

Since the majority of children were below thirteen years of age, considering their understanding and age the facilitators shaped the workshop into more activity for effective learning.

Bonding game:

The session initiated with a bonding game was played. All young people and adults were encouraged to search for a partner with having similar handprint. Further with the holding hands, they were asked to perform creative activities. The participants enjoyed the game which was also helpful in reducing the inhibition and becoming friendly to each other.

Individually depicting personal feelings:

To engage the children in the prolific activity and to reduce their hesitation, each participant was provided with a drawing sheet and encouraged to draw and write about their inner present feelings. Children enjoyed and also faced difficulty in drawing their feelings, therefore most of them wrote about the same. They depicted happiness, smiling, new learning, voices heard in the workshop, etc through drawing and writeups.

Group work on doodling the school of dreams:

To encourage teamwork, the participants were prompted to draw the school of their dreams in the different groups. The involvement and enjoyment of the children were reflected in the charts prepared by them and presentation on the same. The observations from the presentation by the participants included:

- Big playground in the school campus
- Having lots of trees and greenery around the school campus
- Neat and clean school buildings
- School having all basic amenities like basins, separate washrooms, library
- Schools having inclusive education services for differently abled children as well





3. Group Activity for Collating the Voices of Young People

On the basis of coloured cards, the participants were divided into five groups and encouraged to discuss the issues of children and young people. The teamwork was intended to enhance participation, sharing of views, and understanding of each other, the topics included:

- Education
- Health
- Development
- Participation
- Protection

The groups engaged in collective brainstorming sessions, guided by the program facilitators. Which aimed to ensure the perspectives of participants were taken into



account in shaping solutions. Further, all the groups presented their recommendations and experience with the larger group. (Annexure-I)

All the groups identified the existing problems related to their assigned topic and recommended actionable solutions. The distinctiveness was that the differently abled individuals participated in the group discussions, which allowed the rest participants to interact with them in sign language.

In the end, the participants shared that because of their age, the family was always overlooked, however, in the workshop, they got equal chances to participate and communicated their opinion that to be without biases. They also cherished the platform and organizers as got the opportunity to meet different children from varied areas and could make new friends.

4. Presentation of Demand Charter

On the basis of group discussion, their representatives presented the demand charter with the chief guests including Mr. Dayachand Pachori-City President of Congress, Mr. Sanjeev Gupta-District President of AAP, and Mr. Moti Singh from Bahujan Samaj Party.

Since the majority of the participant were young their demands were more centric to the school education services.

Education:

- Timely disbursement of school scholarship programs and other government schemes.
- Opening adequate numbers of Anganwadi centres, along with health nutrition focus on education activities as well.
- Appointing an adequate number of teachers for all the subjects in the government schools.
- Designating skilled counsellors in the schools.

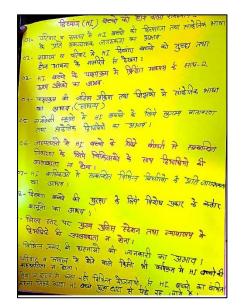
- Providing all basic amenities in all government schools including building, electricity, fans, water, educational materials, cleanliness services, laboratory, library, playground, sports material, and separate functional toilets for girls & boys.
- Making self-defense training as a part of sports activity in all the schools.
- Impart session on reproductive system, puberty education with the availability of sanitary napkins, proper distribution, and disposal machines at schools.
- Inclusion of child rights, good touch, and bad touch as a part of the curriculum.
- Focus on occupational training and career counseling services at schools.
- Emphasizing inclusive education for differently abled children, deploying trained and skilled special teachers, providing study material to them, instructions in sign language & audio, and provision of school transport services for them.
- To ensure the protection of children appoint a monitoring committee for the same.
- Providing an online education system with devices for children unable to attend schools.
- Establishing Bal Sansad and Bal Panchayat in every village with active participation of children.
- Proper health centres equipped with all basic services along with clinicians and ANM.
- Regular health check-up and good food services for children in the schools.
- Budget allocation for visits to historical sites for school children.
- Prohibition of selling of tobacco products in the surrounding areas of school campuses.
- Functional CCTV in school premises and displaying visual information and posters on all helpline numbers on the walls of the building.
- Inculcate education on gender equality discussions in parent-teacher meetings and gramsabhas.

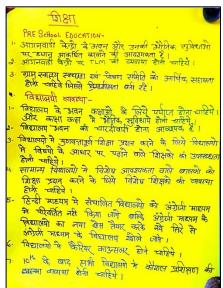
While addressing the workshop, the guests appreciated the efforts of the children to make the workshop participatory and share their cumulative demands. Safety starts from home and self awareness, therefore girls need to walk out in the group and should also carry some self defensive material with them like pepper spray. Imparting self defense training in the school is necessary. Improving the basic amenities and quality of food services in the school will definitely increase the participation of children and lead to lower absenteeism. Strict action on the convict of crime against children. They ensured to take forward their voices to the appropriate government authorities and also to include them in their party manifesto for the upcoming state assembly election.

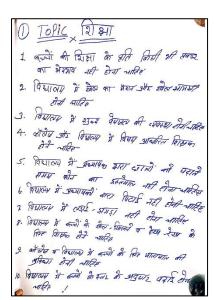


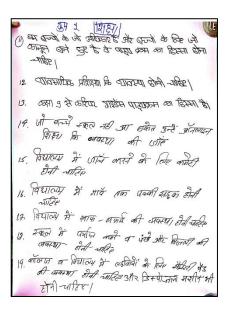


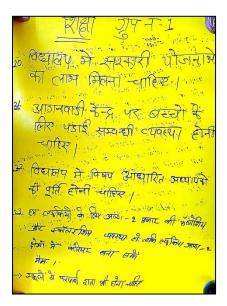
Annexure I: Group Activity for Collating the Voices of Young People

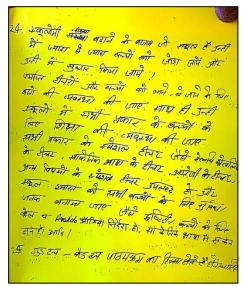












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2- बोगा रूपल - विद्यालयों में पोक होनी - जाहिर व क्षेणा नोग

3- शी-ालया - विद्यालयों में पोक होनी - जाहिर व क्षेणा नोग

स्वालयों भी केली - जाहिर । वाली की क्ष्यच्या भी
होनी - जाहिर

4- पीपण - विद्यालयों गोयान ते निकल है पर गोविर्क
पर अंग्रेज केला - जाहिर
पर अंग्रेज केला - जाहिर

5- पुजनन स्वाल्ये - विद्यालयों में पैंड तो निकल है

12 पर अंग्रेज केला - जाहिर

5- पुजनन स्वाल्ये - विद्यालयों में पैंड तो निकल है

13 पर अंग्रेज केला - जाहिर

2 पर अंग्रेज केला - जाहिर

2 पर अंग्रेज केला पर
नी - न्या किला - जाहिर

3 पर नी - न्या किला - जाहिर

3 पर नी - न्या किला - जाहिर

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3 पर नी - न्या किला किला केले केले करने अंग्रेज केला करने केले करने अंग्रेज केला करने केले करने अंग्रेज केला है अंग्रेज की नाव्य कर है नै हैं।

विश्वास्य स्व बाद जॉस होंने की हमाराया केन्रो पर ही होनी जारिय के बाद जॉस होंने की हमाराया केन्रो पर ही होनी जारिय के असमान में असित के बाद के बाद की के साहित का मन्तर उसमान किसी आपता प्राचित है तो उस बासक की केस हिंदी का मान्यर उसमान किसी वालक के पुनर्यास में समस्या उत्पन्न मेरी हो किसी बालक के पुनर्यास में समस्या उत्पन्न मेरी हो किसी बालक के पुनर्यास के समस्या उत्पन्न मेरी हो किसी बारिय ।

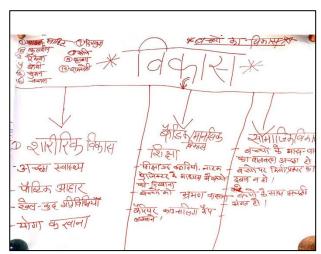
04 - स्वास्थ्य केन्नो यर प्रमासा केन्नो पर दवारोंगे की स्थावस्था असी बारिय ।

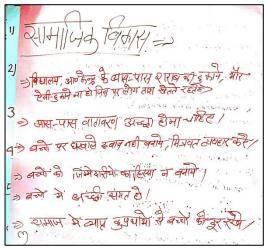
04 - स्वास्थ्य केन्नो यर पुनर्यास की स्थावस्था होनी चाहिये ।

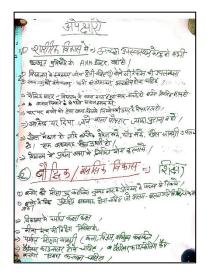
05 - असम केने पर पुनर्यास की स्थावस्था होनी चाहिये ।

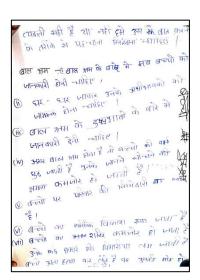
06 - असम स्व प्राच वाल सामित का स्थावस्था होनी चाहिये ।

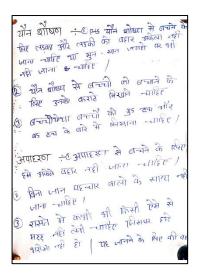
07 - प्रस्था असी स्व प्राच सामित का स्थावस्था होनी का स्थावस्था











के सामिद्वार :- (समस्यार) के सामिद्वार :- (समस्यार) के सामिद्वार के जी की कर्मक्रम दीता है ती उसमें कर्यों की राम नहीं ली जाती हैं। पत्ती की उच्च रिक्षा प्राप्त नहीं की जाती हैं, उच्च शिक्षा के लिए कर्यों की राम नहीं ली जाती हैं। कर्यों की शादी करते समय उनकी ही सहमामिता नहीं होती हैं। कर्यों के पसंद के क्षेत्रों, मैं रुच का स्थान नहीं रुखा जाता हैं क्षिण के कैंदान बच्चों की राम नहीं ली जाती हैं। कर्यों की करियर के बारे में प्रया नहीं जाता हैं। कर्यों की करियर के बारे में प्रया नहीं जाता हैं। कर्यों की करियर के बारे में प्रया नहीं जाता हैं। कर्यों की करियर के बारे में प्रया नहीं जाता हैं। कर्यों की करियर के बारे में प्रया नहीं जाता हैं। कर्यों की आवश्यक्ता के अजुसार उनकी बरीबी गई बीजी मैं उनकी राम नहीं ली जाता हैं। अजा का आवश्यक्ता के अजुसार उनकी बरीबी गई बीजी मैं उनकी राम नहीं ली जाता हैं। अजा का अवश्यक्ता के अजुसार उनकी बरीबी गई बीजी मैं उनकी राम नहीं ली जाता हैं। अजा का अजुशा, अजाता है विन्ह अजाता है। क्षा प्राप्त नहीं ली जाता है।

बच्चों की मांग-सहभागिता

ग विद्यालय में बात संसंद टीने नाहिए एवं हर
सप्ताह मीरिंग टीनी नाहिए

थ ग्राम स्तरीय बाल संरक्षण समित में बच्चों
की सह भागिता सुनिश्चित की जायें

3) सामाजिक बेठक में बच्चों की राय के बारे
में ध्यान देना न्याहिए

4) ग्राम सभा , वार्ड सभा के बच्चों की सहभागिता
रोनी न्याहिए

5) परिवार , विद्यालय , अस्पताल , सार्वजितक स्थल
अर्गिंद के कार्यक्रमों में सहभागिता

८) शादी - विवाह संबंधी केंसले बच्चों से पूछकर
लें जाए

इन सभी मांगो पर सख्त से सख्त कानून व